

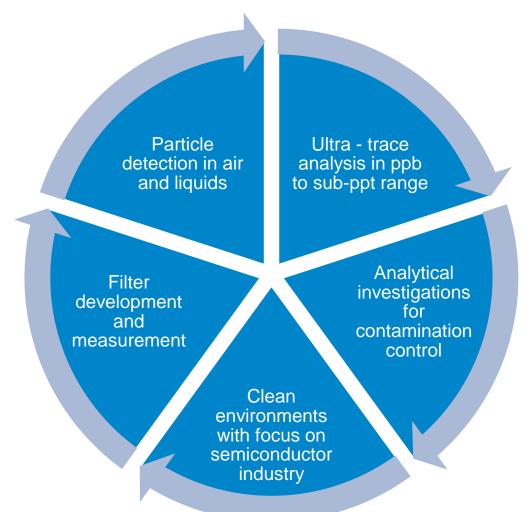
Exyte Technology Controlled Environments Trace Analysis

Exyte Technology GmbH August, 2018

Our Competences



Core Competences - Overview

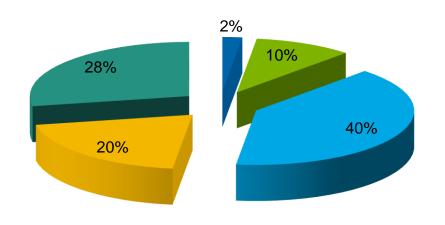


Measurement and Analysis Starting Point



Many industries require clean environmental conditions for optimal product quality, stability of production processes and production yield. Therefore, cleanroom air, gas supply, materials, components and tools used in minienvironments have to fulfill specified cleanliness levels.

Influencing Factors upon the Product Cleanliness



Cleanroom technology

Staff

- Manufacturing equipment and materials
- Manufacturing processes

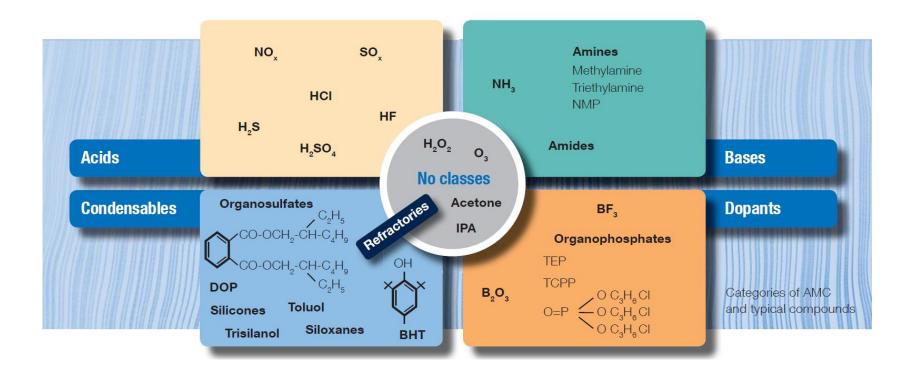
Others

Source: IPA Fraunhofer

Airborne Molecular Contamination (AMC) Definition AMC



AMC is defined as gas of dust molecules (not particular contamination), present in the atmosphere of a cleanroom or of a controlled environment, which can have a damaging impact of product, process or equipment in cleanroom. Definition according to ISO 14644

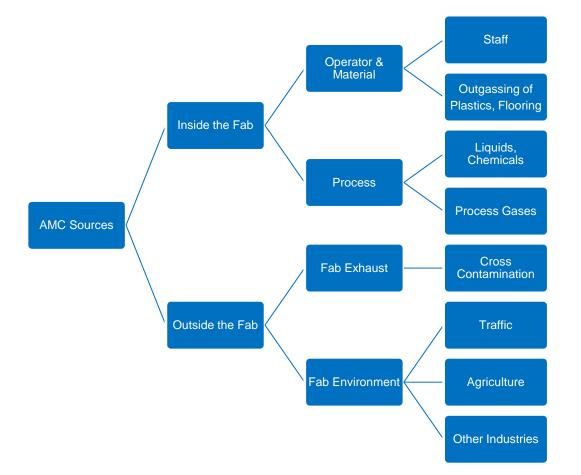


Airborne Molecular Contamination (AMC) AMC Sources



The reduction of airborne molecular contaminants is a main goal in achieving cleanroom conditions as they can negatively affect manufacturing yields by contaminating wafers, lasers, and other cleanliness sensitive products.





Our Services

Portfolio



exyte

Techniques – TDS-GC/MS



Trace Analysis



Thermodesorption System



Gas Chromatograph



Thermal Desorption Gas Chromatography coupled with Mass Spectrometry (TDS-GC/MS): Method for identification and quantification of a wide range of volatile and semi-volatile organic compounds in complex chemical environments

Trace Organic Analysis

- Sub-ppb gas chromatography
- Controlled environment area
 - ISO Class 6.0 for particle contamination

Equipment

2 Gas Chromatography systems

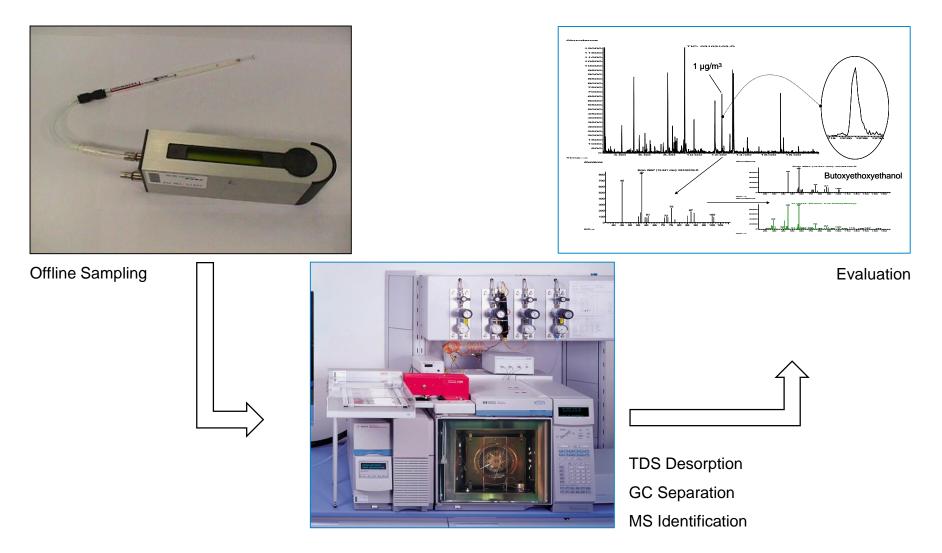
- Agilent gas chromatograph 7890A and 7890B coupled with mass spectrometer 5975C and 5977A resp.
- Thermodesorption system GERSTEL TDS3
- with Autosampler TDSA2
- Adsorbents: TENAX, CARBO

Applications: Evaluation of material and component organic compounds (VOC+SVOC) according to Exyte guidelines and VDI 2083-17 standard; product certification of VOC critical products; air and gas sampling and analysis

Techniques – TDS-GC/MS



VOC – Offline Sampling + GC/MS Measurement

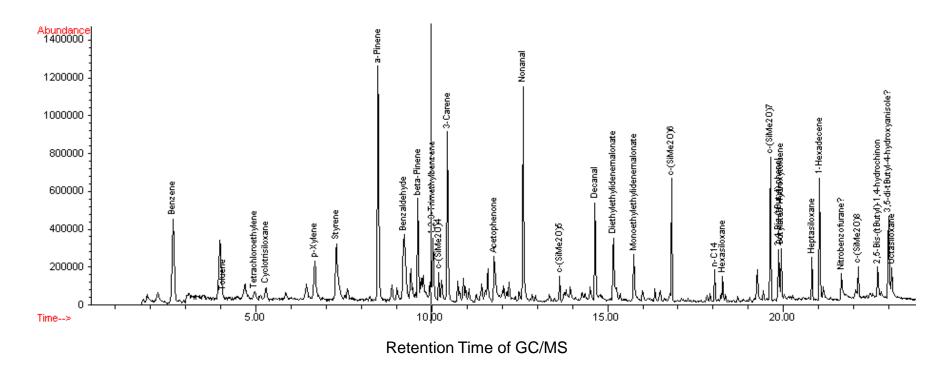


Qualification and Quality Monitoring



Production Environments

- Typical GC/MS chromatogram of a cleanroom sample with the identification of every major compound. The gas chromatograph separates the different species while the mass spectrometry allows the unambiguous assignment of a certain molecule.
- The identification of every compound **enables a root course analysis** to locate and eliminate AMC sources.



Techniques - ICP-MS

Trace Analysis

Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS):

Elemental analysis technique for quantitative trace element analysis. Detection of almost all elements of the periodic table.





ICP-MS measurement Device

Equipment

Perkin Elmer ELAN DRC II

Specification

- Trace elements and dopants: Al, As, B, Ba, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, Mn, Ni, Pb, Sn, Sr, Ti, Zn, V (additional elements on request)
- Typical limits of quantitation (LOQs): 1-10 ng/L

Application

- Ultrapure water analysis
- Pre-qualification of ultrahigh purity (UHP) polymer materials (tubes, hoses, membranes etc.) for UPW distribution systems by static or dynamic leach out tests
- Evaluation of water and material testing according to ITRS, SEMI and customer requirements
- Validating of ion exchange resins and filter systems used for UPW systems



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Impinger for Air Sampling

Techniques - IC

Trace Analysis

Ion Chromatography (IC): Method for analyzing anions, cations and other polar substances in aqueous media. A specific instrument design allows the simultaneous analysis of anions and cations from the same sample. Using a specific pre-concentration technique enables ultra-trace analysis down to the lower ng/L-range.

Trace Ionic Analytical

- ng/L ion chromatography
- UPW facility
- Controlled environment area
 - ISO Class 5.0 for particle contamination AMC filtration for Bases, Ammonia level <1 µg/m³
 - Controlled airflow at sample handling area

Leach out Test

detector

- Detection Limit
 - Impinger method for AMC measurement (offline) with LOQ < 100 ng/L
 - UPW method (offline) LOQ 1-5 ng/L

Following lons can be determined

- Cations
 - (Li⁺, Na⁺, NH₄⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺ ,Ca²⁺)
- Anions

 $(\mathsf{F}^{\text{-}},\,\mathsf{CI}^{\text{-}},\,\mathsf{NO}_{2}^{\text{-}}\,,\mathsf{Br}^{\text{-}}\,,\mathsf{NO}_{3}^{\text{-}},\,\mathsf{CIO}_{3}^{\text{-}}\,,\mathsf{SO}_{4}^{\text{-}2\text{-}},\,\mathsf{PO}_{4}^{\text{-}3\text{-}}\,)$

 Organic acids (Acetate, Formate, Propionate, Oxalate and Phthalate)

Ion Chromatograph (Dionex ICS 3000)
 Cations and Anions systems with conductivity

Equipment

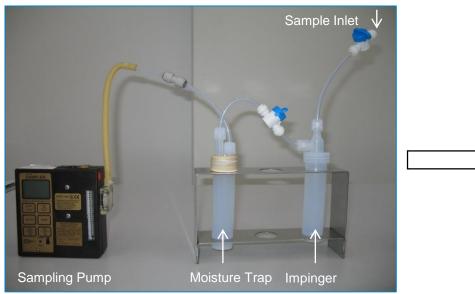




Techniques - IC AMC – Offline Sampling + IC Analysis



Offline Sampling



IC Analysis



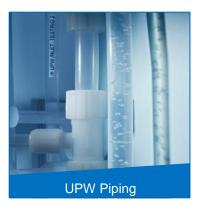
Techniques - TOC

Trace Analysis



Total Organic Carbon (TOC): Continuous monitoring of organics in UPW down to a TOC concentration of 0.1 ppb. Individual samples, e.g. aqueous extracts, can be filled in sample vials and analyzed in a special offline mode.





Equipment

• GE Sievers 500 RLe On-line TOC Analyzer

Specification

Measurement range 0.1 - 2,500 ppb

Application

- UPW analysis
- Qualification of UPW systems
- Qualification of the water quality within the UPW infrastructure
- Pre-qualification of ultrahigh purity (UHP) polymer materials (tubes, hoses, membranes etc.) for UPW distribution systems by static or dynamic leach out tests
- Evaluation of water and material testing according to ITRS, SEMI and customer requirements

Techniques - Online AMC Measurement



Online analyzers

Online analyzers are generally used for analyzing gaseous media. They enable fast and continuous analysis with real-time response of airborne molecular contamination and provide results with high accuracy and precision.

Substances of Interest	Analysis Technique	Measuring Range	
$SO_2 / H_2S / DMS$	UV Fluorescence		
NO ₂ / NO _X	Chemiluminescence detector	0.5.10.000 pph	
NH ₃		0.5 - 10,000 ppb	
Ozone	UV Absorption		
Organic compounds	FID	0 - 10,000 mg C / m³	

Techniques - Online AMC Measurement



Online analyzers



Equipment

- 5 x HORIBA APSA 360
- 3 x HORIBA APNH3 360
- 1 x HORIBA APNA 370
- 1 x HORIBA APOA 370

Application

Determination of specific AMC compounds (SO2/H2S/DMS/NH3/NO/NO2/NOx/O3) in air and gases

- Filter material development
- Filter testing

Specification

Equipment	Туре	Range
HORIBA APSA 360	UV Fluorescence detector for SO ₂ /H ₂ S	0-100 ppb
HORIBA APSA 360	UV Fluorescence detector for SO ₂ /H ₂ S/DMS	0-10,000 ppb
HORIBA APNH3 360	Chemiluminescence detector for NH ₃	0-10,000 ppb
HORIBA APNA 370	Chemiluminescence detector for NO/NO ₂ /NOx	0-1,000 ppb
HORIBA APOA 370	UV Absorption for O ₃	0-10,000 ppb

Techniques - Online AMC Measurement Online analyzers





Measurement Device for Total Carbon Analysis

Equipment

 3 x Ratfisch RS 55-T (Flame ionization detector)

Specification

- Measurement range: 0 1,000 mg C/m³
- Measurement range: 0 10,000 mg C/m³

Application

- Determination of total carbon concentration in air and gases
- Filter material development
- Filter testing

Techniques - Particle Measurement



Analysis of Contamination

Particle Measurement:

Measuring the particle concentration in air and water (particle measurements in air or water can count and size particles)

Analysis	Analysis Medium	Measuring Range
Particles	UPW	≥ 0.05µm
Particles	Air	≥ 0.1µm

Equipment

- PMS Lasair II-110 (for measurements in air)
- PMS LS 11 (for measurements in air)
- PMS LS 21 (for measurements in air)

Specification

particle size: > 0.1 μm

Application

- Cleanroom qualification
- Filter testing

Equipment

PMS Ultra DI 50 (for measurements in water)

Specification

particle size: 0.05 – 0.20 μm

Application

- Ultrapure water analysis
- Qualification of UPW systems and components

Ultrapure Water Analysis



Analysis of Contamination



UPW Distribution System



Piping Line with Valves



Analysis of contamination in Ultrapure water (UPW)

- · Qualification of the water quality within the UPW infrastructure
- Quality monitoring of UPW systems to ensure the performance criteria
- Performance check of systems for media conditioning
- Test of water quality in process tools/ minienvironments for UPW conditioning

Analysis of UPW

- Analysis parameter: anions and cations, metals und dopants, TOC, bacteria, particle count
- Measurements of particles > 50 nm
- Determination of water resistivity, bacteria and silica loading
- Conformity evaluation according to ITRS and customer specifications

Equipment

• IC(ppt), ICP-MS (ppt), TOC-Analyzer (ppb), microbiological rapid test

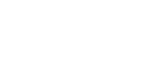
Ultrapure Water Analysis Leaching Test of Polymer Materials



Leach out Test

Performance Evaluation of UHP Polymer Materials for UPW Distribution Systems

- Static leaching tests of UHP polymer materials according to SEMI F40-0699
- Analysis of tubing, piping, valves, fittings, gaskets, membranes
- Pre-cleaning of polymer test samples
- Sample extraction with ultrapure water
- Analysis parameter: anions, cations, metals incl. B, TOC, Particles
- Equipment: Ion chromatography (ppt), ICP-MS (ppt), TOC Analyzer (ppb)
- Evaluation according to SEMI specifications F57-0312
- Controlled environment with AMC filtration
- Complete preparation process, flushing, filling and the measuring process, within class ISO 3.0 cleanroom conditions (according to DIN EN ISO 14644, part1)

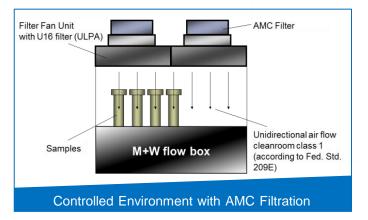


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Ultrapure Water Analysis



Leaching Test of Polymer Materials





Handling within ISO 5.0 Cleanroom Conditions

Performance validation of UHP polymer materials

- Pre-cleaning of the polymer test sample
- Sample filled with UPW
- After the defined leaching time
 (7 days at 85 degrees [±5 degrees])
 the UPW is analyzed
- Analysis parameter: anions, cations, metals incl.B, TOC, particles
- All measurements are executed and performed in cleanroom
- Installation of AMC filtration systems within the testing area
- Complete preparation process, flushing, filling and the measuring process, within class ISO 5.0 cleanroom conditions (according to DIN EN ISO 14644, part1)

Quality Control of Gaseous Media



Monitoring and Analysis



Gas Mixing System



Gas Distribution System

Scope of application

- Pure gases are used within many fabrication processes (e.g. semiconductor, LED, flat panel and optical industry)
- Application for purging gases for cleaning and setting up inert atmospheres,

dilution and carrier gas, reaction gases and pneumatic drives

Laboratory services – monitoring and analysis of high purity gases:

- Analysis of clean dry air (CDA), N₂, He, Ar, CO₂ and others
- Advanced sampling procedure to handle higher pressure and flow
- Sample collection by impinger method for ion chromatography (IC) and

ICP-MS analysis

 Sample collection of organic compounds and refractories by sampling with adsorption materials (e.g. Tenax, CarboTrap) and TD-GC/MS analysis

Filter Technology



Chemical Filter Testing & Development



Media Test Rig



Specimen



Filter test rigs and air handling units with precise air conditioning for filter tests.

The filter testing program provides results about:

- Advanced sampling procedure to handle higher pressure and flow •
- Determination of removal efficiency ٠
- Filter capacity .
- Remaining life time test after a time period of using within its life time cycle
- Filter stability •
- Outgassing behavior of filter materials and components

Parameters

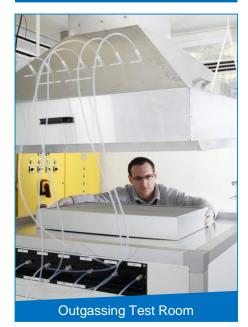
- Standard test condition:
 - temp. 22 °C \pm 2 °C; relative humidity 45 % \pm 5 % ٠
- Dosage of test substances for simulating relevant cleanroom • contaminations (e.g. SO_2 , H_2S , NH_3 , NO_x , Toluene, Ozone,...)

Filter Technology

Testing & Development



Media Test Room



Online measurement devices and offline sampling

(Impinger method and adsorbent tubes)

Online measurement of:

- Gas concentrations (NH₃, SO₂, H₂S, NO_X, O₃ and hydrocarbons)
- Temperature, humidity, airflow rate
- Pressure drop

High precision gas dosing in ppb and ppm range for:

- H₂S, DMS, SO₂, NH₃, NO_x, HCI, ozone and others
- Organic compounds like toluene, xylene, HMDSO, PGMEA, IPA and others

Testing of several filter materials:

- Modified charcoal
- Ion exchange resins
- Modified inorganic adsorbent materials and others



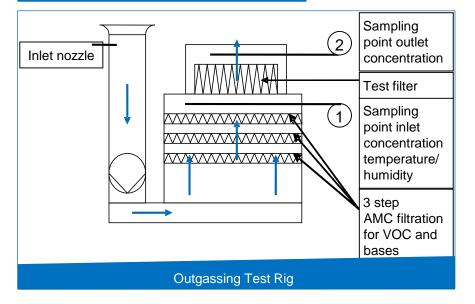
Filter Technology



Outgassing Test for AMC- and HEPA/ULPA Filters



Pressure Drop Measurement



Sampling and analysis of inlet and outlet concentration are performed for anions, cations, VOCs and dopants

Pre-filtration necessary to reach very low baseline concentrations:

•	Anions	< 0.05 µg/m³

- Cations < 0.05 μg/m³
- VOC < 1.0 μg/m³
- Boron < 0.05 μg/m³

Sampling conditions

- Max. sample size: 1,200 mm × 1,200 mm
- Air flow rate: 1,000 – 2,500 Nm³/h (according to specification)
- Temperature: 22°C
- Humidity: 45 %

Outgassing of Materials Standards and Procedures





Micro-Chamber/ Thermal Extractor



Thermal Extractor

Outgassing test of cleanroom materials

Exyte standard procedure

- VOC emissions from materials
- Certification of cleanroom materials (vendor qualification)
- Testing of technical components used in minienvironments (e.g. sealing materials, adhesives)
- Sampling with test setup according to Exyte procedure (90 °C, 3h)
- TD-GC/MS

Outgassing tests according to CSM standards

Method according to VDI 2083 part 17

- Industry association managed by Fraunhofer IPA
- Sampling with a micro test chamber
- Testing procedure at room temperature (22 °C)
- Evaluation of TVOC ($\geq C_6 \dots \leq C_{16}$)
- Material-specific ISO class ISO-AMC_m for VOC (= Ig[TVOC_{norm} g/m³], based on V=1 m³, A= 1 m², n=1/s)

Outgassing of Materials

Evaluation

Outgassing Test of Cleanroom Materials

Evaluation of the results according to Exyte acceptance criteria for cleanrooms

- Evaluation parameters
 - (1) Total Organics (∑TVOC + SVOC)
 - (2) SVOC: high boilers >C16, like siloxanes and phthalates
 - (3) Amines
 - (4) Organophosphorous compounds
- Mainly relevant for Exyte applications
- Exyte data base of tested cleanroom suitable materials
- According to this test, Exyte guarantees the AMC class of its cleanrooms

Exyte specification	Air contacted area covered by the tested material (in relation to net cleanroom area)		
	> 50%	5 to 50 %	< 5%
Σ(TVOCs + SVOCs) (μg/g)	1000	2000	10000
SVOCs (µg/g)	250	500	2500
Amines (µg/g)	150	300	1500
Organophosphates (µg/g)	10	10	10



Outgassing of Materials Micro-Emission Chamber





Micro-Chamber/ Thermal Extractor

Micro-emission chamber

- Versatile and compact device especially designed for outgassing tests for construction materials (e.g. molding materials, resins, seals, coatings, paints)
- Fast emissions screening as part of routine industrial quality control complying with international standard methods (e.g. ISO 12219-3)
- Procedure: Material samples are heated at a certain temperature and the released chemicals (VOCs) are collected on thermo-desorption tubes and analyzed by TD-GC/MS.
 This enables the prequalification of materials for optical and laser devices.

Contamination by Outgassing within Cleanrooms



Product Control for Optical and Laser Devices

Optoelectronic products (LEDs) and laser systems

- Contamination of optics due to outgassing of organic compounds, especially condensable compounds
- Sources of organic outgassing: seals, circuit boards, cable insulation, cleaning agents, coatings, resins, plasticizers, and others
- Routine product control

Screening analysis of organic compounds by TD-GC/MS

- Analysis of total VOC
- Evaluation of low-, medium- and high-boiling organic compounds
- Separate determination of amines and siloxanes
- Identifying by MS library search and quantifying of the 20 most abundant peaks
- Issuance of product certificate

Contamination by Outgassing within Cleanrooms



Product and Component Emission Tests

Certification of VOC critical products and components

- VOC emission test (similar to outgassing test)
- Especially laser certification for several external customers
- Component tests for product development
 (vendor qualification)
- Method according to customer specifications
- Sample taking by customers using special test chambers
- Tests performed at room temperature
- CDA is used as flushing gas

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0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Hereby we confirm that the		
	Coating material		
	Manufactured by		
	John Doe Ltd. 123 Anywhere Street Anytown, State 12345		
	was tested according to M+W Products standard outgassing procedure and fulfills the M+W Products specifications for semiconductor cleanrooms for above 50% coverage of the net cleanroom area. This certificate is valid for a period of three years from date of issue.		
	Outgassing Results		
000	Σ (VOCs+SVOCs)	[µg/g]	9.4
• • • • • • •	TVOCs	[µg/g]	6.1
0 0 0	SVOCs	[µg/g]	3.3
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Amines	[µg/g]	< 0.1
000	Organophosphates [µg/g]	[µg/g]	<0.1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Detailed information can be obtained November 29, 2013	d from M+WProducts	test report number 131154aa.
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	Rubén López-Trigo	Dr. Mic	hael Franzke
CERT BO Ket	M+W Products GmbH Lotterbe	rgstraße 30 7049	9 Stuttgart Germany www.mwgroup.net



Thank you for your attention!

Exyte Technology GmbH Analysis Services Rosine-Starz-Straße 2-4 71272 Renningen Germany

Telefon: +49 711 8804 8000 info@exyte-technology.net

exyte-technology.net